My choice is the BMW R1100S motorcycle engine.

Content:

- General Information
- Fuel system
- Air filter
- Exhaust system
- Heating
- Wiring
- Engine cooling
- Gear

- Experience

General Information

Some details need to be considered in order to gain 72 KW (98 hp) from the BMW R1100S. Experienced Dutch BMW Cherry flyers (Renny de Leeuw and Bart Kroes) as well as the official BMW-Engine retailer [Wilfried Bleidiesel](mailto:Wilfried.Bleidiesel@bmw.com) sent me some very valuable tips for the installation. Thanks a lot!!!

Renny wrote a very interesting article for an American magazine once [see pdf file.](mailto:Renny_de_Leeuw@usa.com)

I will provide important details and my own experience on this page. First of all some technical data regarding this installation.
BMW R1100S engine and Hirth G40 gear

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Air- (40%) / Oil- (60%) cooled four stroke opposed-twin engine Cam in head, four valves per cylinder</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bore x Stroke</td>
<td>99 mm x 70.5 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Displacement</td>
<td>1085 ccm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power</td>
<td>72 KW (98 bhp) @ 7500 min⁻¹</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. Torque</td>
<td>97 Nm (70 lb-ft) @ 5750 min⁻¹</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compression Ratio</td>
<td>11.3 : 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel Consumption</td>
<td>approx. 11 litres (3 Gal) per Hour (@ 75 %)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gear Reduction</td>
<td>2.96 : 1 Hirth G40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>ca. 80 Kg (176 lb) -ready incl. gear, oil ...</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All major advantages of the BMW Engine are obvious:

- No carburetor-icing (Electronic fuel injection)
- No mixture-regulation
- Premium Unleaded (95 ROZ)
- Extremely low fuel consumption
- Very high power/weight-ratio
- 3-way catalytic converter (closed loop) can be used
- Significantly less expensive than a certified engine
...

I bought a pre-owned BMW R1100S on eBay and kept the engine as well as all parts I need for the Cherry (Fuel-pump, Oil-cooler, Harness...). I sold all remaining parts (Frame, wheels, gear...) online. Finally the BMW engine was less than $1000. And an additional $2000 for the gear including rotational oscillation dampener and automatic centrifugal clutch (the propeller starts turning @ 2700 min⁻¹ - there will be no harmful low rpm vibration to the plane at all).

In order to reach maximum performance I am committed to keep all original technical details from the BMW motorcycle.

Overview:
Assembling of the Engine compartment

Fuel system

First of all I kept the fuel-system (Pump, filter and strainer) from the motorcycle. This unit is mounted on a flange and located inside the fuel-tank (just as on the BMW R1100S).

The fuel manifold is taken from the motorcycle as well. This way the pressure valve is located close to the fuel injection valves in order to avoid pressure losses.
Fuel lines

**Air Filter**

Renny and Bart emphasized the importance of the air-filter-housing volume and the design of the exhaust system in order to reach a good engine performance.

I compared the air filter housing of the motorcycle and a purchased model for planes.

![BMW R1100S air-filter-housing 7 liters](image1)

![Purchased model 4.5 liters](image2)

Measuring 11 Liters, I built the ultimate size (10 times the engine displacement). I did not calculate the volume, but measure it by water displacement.
Air-filter-housing with original BMW filter

Another BMW-detail are the inlet ducts. They are shaped like a trumped with a decreasing diameter towards the throttle-valve. It fits perfectly to the throttle valve allowing a smooth air flow.

Filter Housing with original BMW inlet ducts (black)
Since the air-filter-system is installed similar to the BMW motorcycle, I do not expect any negative influence to the performance from this system.

Exhaust system

Well, the motorcycle-muffler is the only system that does not fit on the plane. This is going to be a “try and error” task.

The German Motorrad magazine performed an interesting test on mufflers in 04/2002 (source: www.s-boxer.de -German language -). They tested 8 different after-market (tuning) mufflers for the R1100S. Even though those manufacturers make a living with their products and many promised an increased performance, the test results were crushing. 7 out of 8 expensive tuning mufflers actually decreased the performance. Only one System (AC Schnitzer Grand Prix) had a similar performance than the original BMW muffler. By the way: The tested series R1100S had 101 bhp and 100 Nm torque with the original BMW exhaust system.

This result leads me to the conclusion; “It will be difficult to reach the performance of the original BMW exhaust system”.

On the other hand, the Staintune system “without the primary pod- (this system was installed on my BMW) still reached 99 bhp and 96 Nm. None of the tested systems resulted in a significant loss of power. I guess those systems are just not worth the money.

Though, I need a good build to fit exhaust system for my Cherry!!!

Despite the risk of perhaps reconstructing the system later on, I decided to install a minimum of exhaust tubing underneath my cowling.
Both pipes merge quite early

The 75 mm (3”) elbows will serve as a kind of first stage pod
I discovered a promising story about a "Swiss muffler" in Toni Bingelis book "Firewall Forward" and decided on building this "long" noise canceling pipe.
Some guys tried to talk me out of this idea, because the fiber glass insulation is expected to disintegrate pretty fast. Well, nowadays I could improve the endurance using a heat resistant woven ceramics fiber hose with some ceramic-wool...

Building this 1.3 m long pipe was quite an effort. However, in my case it did not proof to be worth it - may be the woven ceramic hose isn't absorbing enough noise... Considering the size, this silencer is too noisy - and once again I gained some experience.
Finally, I found a slightly scratched silencer from a Suzuki 1300 for $25 at a parts sale that works just great. Should have started with this one...

Note from ground-testing:
Meanwhile, I measured more than 100 hp with this system. Quite enough power...

**Heating**

I am not going to use the hot exhaust pipes for heating the cockpit. I installed a second oil-cooler for this purpose.

*Andreas* from Switzerland made good experience heating his Breezer cockpit this way. Another advantage of this solution is an increased cooling capacity. The BMW has a second oil pump (cooling-oil-pump) installed to circulate the thermostat controlled oil-cooling-system.

Second radiator and air distribution system. Whether heating is needed or not the radiator will have a constant air flow anyway.
Wiring

First of all the excerpt of my efforts:

Purchasing a special harness for the plane is for sure a better solution.

But, since I already have the R1100S harness...
After an intensive surgery I removed this bunch of wires (not need for the plane). It is amazing how much wiring I found hidden in the motorcycle.

I used one of the two rubber-mounted BMW relay- and distribution-boxes (center). The sensitive hall-sensor-plug found a nice place inside as well.
Engine cooling

The fwd upper inlet is for the air filter, the middle inlet for the upper cylinder cooling and below the spinner-level are combined inlets for the oil cooler and for the lower cylinder cooling.

Cowling, inside of the upper part
From above

Upper engine cooling duct
Later on, when I practiced some extended engine runs @ higher rpm, my above mentioned cooling for the lower side of the cylinders (no ducts to guide the air streams) proofed to be insufficient.

I needed to design cooling ducts underneath the cylinders as well. As recommended by Wilfried Bleidiesel, I also installed a slightly larger oil radiator.
Additionally, I installed an air intake right in front of the two NACA ducts in order to get some cool air to the oil sump, equipped with cooling ribs.

I am very satisfied with the results. During a 30 minute taxiing trial (OAT = 25°C) the oil temperature did not exceed 102°C.

These are the results of a 50 minute engine run OAT = 25Â°C, min. prop pitch):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>rpm</th>
<th>time</th>
<th>oil temperature</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3500 1/Min</td>
<td>15 Min</td>
<td>98 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3500 1/Min</td>
<td>20 Min</td>
<td>102 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3500 1/Min</td>
<td>25 Min</td>
<td>102 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6200 1/Min</td>
<td>27 Min</td>
<td>110 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6200 1/Min</td>
<td>30 Min</td>
<td>120 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6200 1/Min</td>
<td>32 Min</td>
<td>123 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6200 1/Min</td>
<td>35 Min</td>
<td>126 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6200 1/Min (for 15 Min.)</td>
<td>40 Min</td>
<td>128 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3250 1/Min Cooling run</td>
<td>42 Min</td>
<td>123 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3250 1/Min</td>
<td>43 Min</td>
<td>118 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3250 1/Min</td>
<td>45 Min</td>
<td>109 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3250 1/Min</td>
<td>50 Min</td>
<td>103 °C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

After solving this problem I will continue ground testing my Cherry ...

**Gear**

Andreas form Switzerland told me the centrifugal clutch in his BMW-Breezer broke several times (vibration problem).

After all the trouble he replaced the BMW by a Rotax engine.

This was bad news for me, because I purchased this engine-gear drive (centrifugal clutch, vibration dampener...) from
the same manufacturer. It sounds bad, but I can actually learn from this bad experience before getting airborne with my own plane.
I am not going to replace the engine since the price tag of a Rotax is about the value (parts only - w/o Avionics) of my complete plane including the engine and there are many satisfied BMW-fliers around the globe.

Let's analyze this...

This is a picture of the defective clutch. There are 6 moving parts (2 massive steel-pieces with pads and 4 springs) prone to failure and cause for severe vibration. I bought this to save a few hundred $ without knowing these details.
All satisfied BMW-fliers I know are customers of Wilfried Bleidiesel (www.takeoff-ul.de). I recently purchased a clutch with a one piece disc from Wilfried. This clutch is proven, not as heavy as the other brand and it reaches the endurance of the gear.

Now, I am looking forward to further testing my Cherry.

**Experience**

1. Oil-level gauge

One superb detail on the BMW engine is the oil check just locking trough a glass even from outside the cowling. I was told by some fellows, that this glass (pressed into the engine like an oil seal ring) was lost several times on bikes and even on engines used in planes.

I need a solution for this problem before this happens to me as well.

BMW learned from experience and secured the glass on the new GS1200 engine with a snap-ring!!!
Well there is no space for a snap-ring on the R1100S Schoenmakers engine, so I build a Teflon-ring to fit with a bracket.

Here is a simple solution from Berry

Remark:
Never exceed red marker for the oil level - it causes (at least) a significant loss of power!

2. Exhaust manifold

Wilfried Bleidiesel did recommend the use of flexible couplings for the manifold.

My rigid construction lead to failure of the M 6 bolts of the manifold flanges (middle).
Meanwhile I did insert a piece of flexible exhaust tubing on both sides of the Y-shaped manifold and replaced the heat protection fabric (sheet), it got brittle and disintegrated, by aluminum heat-shields.

3. Manifold Pressure gauge

Experienced pilots recommended the installation of a manifold pressure gauge in order to optimize the usage of the constant speed propeller. Well, I did so, but my BMW engine creates only 5-6 inches hg at idle and starting at 2000 rpm up to 7500 rpm, there is almost ambient air pressure within the manifold. A good engine performance, but as for the manifold pressure gauge - that’s it... Nevertheless, as a technician, I am able to fine-tune the propeller-setting using the tachometer and my ears...

4. Silencer

I experienced an increased noise level (muffler) on the way back home from the 5th Cherry-meeting in 2008.
A hole, burned through the outer wall (aluminum) of the silencer as I discovered after the landing (80 flight hours in the log).

The heat-protection-shield performed well. Though, I need a better solution.
New silencer made of titanium (Honda Fireblade - Ebay 36 €)

Despite the saying “never change a running system”- and it was running very well.

I could not resist installing the new BMW R 1200 GS engine!!!